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# Korean Film



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## Korean Film As A Cultural Text of Koreans

Korean film is unique in the sense that "the distinction between cinematic images and reality often becomes blurred", as Hyangjin Lee, the author of "Contemporary Korean Cinema" points out (P.1).

The Korean film industry, which came into existence with the introduction of moving pictures to Korea at the beginning of the 1920s, can be subdivided into number of periods, beginning with the colonial period and extending to the present day. In this exhibition, films from each period are closely associated with the society which Koreans were facing in their everyday lives.

# <u>The Introduction of Motion Pictures to Korea</u>

"It was only in 1903 that foreign motion pictures were introduced to the Korean public for the first time through an advertisement."

Due to the circumstances under which every aspect of Korean society was under the control of the Japanese colonial government, it was particularly difficult for Koreans to develop their own film industry. It is still a debatable issue among film historians as to which

film can be considered as the starting point of Korean film made by Korean directors.

# <u>The Development of South Korean</u> Film

"South Korean film has always been ideologically controlled by its government." Until the early 1990s, it was not unusual for directors to be "arrested and banned from making or releasing their movies because of an alleged violation of national security."

After the liberation from Japanese rule in 1945, most feature films were called liberation films and dealt with stories of Korea's liberation from Japan. Then the Korean War broke out. During the war, filmmakers in the South were divided into different groups and many talented filmmakers either relocated to North Korea on their own or were kidnapped.

The period after the Korean War (the late 1950s and early 1960s) is referred to as a "revival period" or "boom period." Movies became the most important entertainment medium for the general public and they achieved remarkable development in artistic expression through a variety of genres.

For more information, please contact

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# **Selected Korean Film Collection**



\* This brochure is prepared for a Korean film exhibition in the East Asian Library held from September 2008 to December 2008.

### **Topic 1**

The Colonial period: The Struggles and **Consequences of the Colonial Experience** on the Korean Peninsula

#### 1) Hurrah! For freedom(Chayu manse)

Directed by: Ch'oe In-gyu

Starring: Chon Ch'ang-gun, Hwang Yo-hui, Yu

Kye-sŏn

Released date: Oct. 21, 1946

Running time: 80 min.

Genre: Martial-melodrama

Call Number: PN1997.2 .C424 2004



### 2) The Murmuring, Habitual Sadness (Najun moksori 1, 2)

Directed by: Pyŏn Yŏng-ju

Starring: Kang Tŏk-kyŏng,

Pak Ong-nyŏn

Released date: 1995

Running time: 231 min.

**Genre: Documentary** 

Call Number: D810 .C698 N35862 2005.

D810.C698 N35863 2005

### Topic 2

The Unfinished war: the Korean War

#### 1) Southern Guerrilla Forces (Nambugun)

Directed by: Chong Chi-yong

Starring: An Sŏng-ki, Ch'oe Chin-sil, Ch'oe Min-

Released date: 1990

Running time: 157 min.

Genre: war

**Call Number:** 

PN1997.N363846 2005



## 2) The Brotherhood of War (Taegŭkki hwinallimvŏ)

Directed by: Kang Chae-gyu

Running time: 148 min.

Genre: war, drama

Call Number:

PN1997.2 .T34485 2004



#### Topic 3

Facing the Post-war reality: Destabilization, Poverty and Anti-socialism

#### 1) The Aimless Bullet (Obalt'an)

Directed by: Yu Hyŏn-mok

Starring: Ch'oe Mu-ryong, Kim Chin-gyu, Mun

The Military Authoritarian regime and Democratization: the Democratic Transition

from Authoritarian Rule in South Korea

1) Peppermint Candy (Pakha Sat'ang)

Chŏng-suk

Release date: Apr. 13, 1960

Running time: 110 min.

Genre: Literary art

Call Number: PN1997.023

Directed by: Yi Ch'ang-tong

Starring: Sŏl Kyŏng-gyu,

Mun So-ri. Kim Yŏ-chin

Running time: 129 min.

Released date: Jan.1.

PN1997.P354 2000

Genre: drama

Call Number:

2000

2002

**Topic 4** 

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Call Number: PN1993. 5 .K6 K524 2004

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Call Number: PN1993. 5 .K6 L44 2000

· Min, Eungjun, et al. Korean Film: History, Resistance, and Democratic Imagination, Westport.

Conn: Praeger, 2003.

Call Number: PN1993. 5 .K6 M56 2003

· Shin, Chi-Yun., Julian Stringer. New Korean Cinema. Edinburgh University Press, 2005.

Call Number: PN1993. 5 .K6 N49 2005

· Kim, Elaine H. "Teumsae e-kki-in yosong: Korean American Women between feminisim and nationalism." The Review of Korean Studies Vol.

5, No. 2 (2002): 29-44

Call Number: DS901 . R476

· Park, Soyang. "Silence, subaltern speech and the intellectual in South Korea: The politics of emergent speech in the case of former sexual slaves." Journal for Cultural Research Vol. 9. Issue 2 (2005):169-206.

**Call Number: Electronic Resources** 

### **Other Useful Resources**

· http://www.kmdb.or.kr/eng

· http://www.koreafilm.org

· http://www.koreanfilm.or.kr/index.jsp

Starring: Chang Tong-gŏn, Wŏn Pin, Yi Ŭn-ju

Release date: Feb. 6, 2004

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